(A Component Unit of the City of Austin, Texas)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2022
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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Veronica Castro de Barrera, Board Chair

Mayor Steve Adler, Board Member

Tony Elkins, Board Member

Jeffrey Travillion, Board Member

Dottie Watkins, Ex-Officio

Gina Fiandaca, Ex Officio
Opinions
We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Austin Transit Partnership (ATP), a component unit of the City of Austin, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise ATP’s basic financial statements, as listed on the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of ATP as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions
We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of ATP and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about ATP’s ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor’s report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.
In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of ATP’s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about ATP’s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

**Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management’s discussion and analysis; the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget to Actual—General Fund and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget to Actual—Anti-Displacement Special Revenue Fund, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

[RSM US LLP]

Austin, Texas
February 23, 2023
ATP Management’s Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is designed to provide a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Since the MD&A is designed to focus on the current year’s activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, we encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished as listed on the table of contents, financial statements, related footnotes and other supplementary information that is provided in addition to this MD&A.

Financial Highlights
ATP’s initial activities during the year ending September 30, 2022 has focused on project development including engaging the community, establishing protocols for the construction of Project Connect, working with partners and contractors on the design of all elements of the plan, overseeing project management contracts, preparing documentation necessary to apply for Federal Transit Authority funding, refining cost estimates, and developing vehicle specifications in anticipation of solicitations.

- Assets exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by $351.3 million as net position. $205.2 million of this amount, is unrestricted and may be used to meet ATP’s ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with ATP’s fund designation and fiscal policies. (Table A-1)
- Total net position increased by $146.6 million from fiscal year 2022 operations. (Table A-2)
- Operating expenses were $34.9 million for the period ended September 30, 2022 (Table A-2)
- Capital assets and construction in progress, net of depreciation, increased from $42.9 million to $93.3 million as of September 30, 2022 (Table A-1). The beginning balance was restated by $7.1 million due to the implementation of new accounting standard.
- Governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of $265.4 million. Approximately 24% of this amount, $63.6 million is available for spending at ATP’s discretion and in accordance with its overall mission to Project Connect (unassigned fund balance).
- The operating fund unassigned fund balance was $63.6 million, or 76% of the operating fund’s expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to ATP’s basic financial statements. ATP’s basic financial statements are comprised of 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of ATP’s financial status in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Both of these statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of ATP’s assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term obligations. The difference between the two is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position could be one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other indicators of ATP’s financial position should be taken into consideration, including the change in City of Austin’s property tax base, as it directly affects ATP’s proposition A revenues, in order to more accurately assess ATP’s overall financial condition.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how ATP’s net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods like earned but unused compensated absences. The statement includes all current year revenues and expenses and it focuses on both the gross and net costs of the ATP’s various activities and thus summarizes the cost of providing specific programs.
The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, as opposed to the modified accrual basis, and include capital assets, accounts receivable and payable, and long-term liabilities activity which should be considered to assess the financial health of ATP.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions that are principally supported by taxes (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Interlocal Agreement revenues with the City of Austin (Proposition A funds) and Capital Metro provide the majority of ATP’s financing.

**Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a self-balancing set of accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. ATP, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements such as state law or bond covenants.

In fiscal year 2022, ATP had two governmental funds and no proprietary or fiduciary funds;

- **General Operating Fund:** ATP as an entity was created with a specific purpose: to oversee and finance the acquisition, construction, equipping, and operations and maintenance for the rapid transit system; and finance the transit-supporting anti-displacement strategies related to Project Connect. This fund is used to track ATP’s operating costs including general and administrative costs directly related to the corporate office and costs associated with the management and overseeing of the Project Connect rapid transit projects. They include labor, rent, utilities, computer software and maintenance, supplies, equipment, staff development, and professional services. Also included are reimbursements to Capital Metro and the City of Austin for support with marketing, information technology, grant requirements, and the expediting of permit reviews.

- **Anti-Displacement Fund:** This fund is a special revenue fund used to track monies dedicated to Project Connect’s anti-displacement efforts. ATP funding approved on November 3, 2020 via Proposition A included $300 million to prevent transportation investment-related displacement and ensure people of different incomes can benefit from the transportation investment. Per an ILA between ATP and the City, funds will be provided to the City on a reimbursement basis to administer and implement the Project Connect Anti-Displacement Programs. The City will use the funds:
• To acquire real property for transit supportive development that will preserve and/ or increase the amount of affordable housing proximate to the transit corridors, or

• For financing tools and other anti-displacement strategies related to the implementation of Project Connect.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance focus on how activities were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Such information may be useful in assessing a government’s near-term financing requirements. Capital assets and long-term liabilities are not reported in the governmental fund statements as they are not current resources and uses of funds, nor are unavailable general revenues. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government’s near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government’s near-term financial decisions.

Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

**Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide essential information necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.
Required Supplementary Information

This Management’s Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget to Actual—General Fund represents financial information which provides users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements and notes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Change in Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of an entity’s financial position. The total net position of ATP increased $146.6 million for the period ended September 30, 2022.

Total asset balance is $384.6 million as of September 30, 2022, due primarily to general revenue from interlocal agreements and the construction-related activity of Project Connect, which includes the design phase of the Blue and Orange light rail lines along with the related project management of the projects.

Total liabilities balance is $33.2 million as of September 30, 2022, due primarily to accrued liabilities related to the ongoing construction in the amount of $24.4 million.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assets</th>
<th>2022</th>
<th>2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current and other assets</td>
<td>$291,588,943</td>
<td>$217,195,135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital assets—nondepreciable</td>
<td>83,375,467</td>
<td>35,847,333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital assets—depreciable</td>
<td>9,665,180</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets</td>
<td>384,629,590</td>
<td>253,042,468</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Liabilities</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable</td>
<td>3,193,123</td>
<td>2,103,560</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intergovernmental payable</td>
<td>24,441,437</td>
<td>46,252,317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noncurrent liabilities</td>
<td>5,642,128</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total liabilities</td>
<td>33,276,688</td>
<td>48,355,877</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Net position</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net investment in capital assets</td>
<td>77,395,350</td>
<td>35,847,334</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restricted for anti-displacement activities</td>
<td>65,000,000</td>
<td>23,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unrestricted</td>
<td>208,957,552</td>
<td>145,839,257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total net position</td>
<td>$351,352,902</td>
<td>$204,686,591</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following table represents the Statement of Activities and reflects the change in net position for the period ended September 30, 2022. The change in net position is primarily due to intergovernmental revenue. The intergovernmental revenue is made up of multiple interlocal agreements executed with the City of Austin and Capital Metro, which provided for combined interlocal agreement revenue of $181.6 million. The total revenue was offset by expenses of $35.5 million.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statements of Activities (Table A-2)</th>
<th>Year Ended September 30, 2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenue</strong></td>
<td>2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program revenues</td>
<td>$ 42,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General revenues</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interlocal agreement revenue</td>
<td>136,816,152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income</td>
<td>1,989,753</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other service income</td>
<td>843,238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total operating revenue</td>
<td>181,649,143</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expenses</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin Transit Partnership Services</td>
<td>22,646,082</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MetroRapid expansion</td>
<td>8,834,295</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redline improvements</td>
<td>3,478,710</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MetroExpress</td>
<td>21,454</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neighborhood circulators</td>
<td>2,291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total expenses</td>
<td>34,982,832</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Change in net position</strong></td>
<td>146,666,311</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net position at the beginning of year</td>
<td>204,686,591</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net position at the end of year</td>
<td>$ 351,352,902</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ATP was created on December 18, 2020, and financial activity started as of January 1, 2021; accordingly, comparative amounts for the prior year presented a nine month period.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The focus of the ATP’s general fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, ATP’s governmental fund reported ending fund balance of $265.4 in support of its overall mission on Project Connect. The General fund account for all financial resources for use by Project Connect except for the dedicated funds for Anti-displacement. General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund total revenue exceeded total expenditures by $54. 5 million and $42 million, respectively. The increase in both funds is attributable to lower-than-
expected capital outlay and expenditures for its displacement program. The funding provided to the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund is due to the dedicated interlocal agreement revenue with the City and Capital Metro. The fund balance includes $65.0 million as restricted for anti-displacement program as required by the Interlocal Grant Agreement between the City and ATP related to Project Connect Anti-Displacement Program Expenditures.

**BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

ATP’s capital budget, as approved in the fiscal year 2022 budget, totaled $241.8 million. As the design phase of light rail lines enters into the 30% design completion category, the cost for those lines will be published. As required per Section 4.4.1 of the Joint Power Agreement, executed by the City, Capital Metro and the ATP, a joint meeting shall be convened to review the implementation Sequence Plan based on the 30% design cost figures and it shall be discussed whether the implementation Sequence Plan requires adjustments.

In the table below, budgeted revenues and expenditures are compared with actual figures (budgetary basis) for the current fiscal year. Revenue realized for fiscal year 2022 was $3.4 million higher than budget largely due to higher-than-expected new property growth and a lower-than-expected delinquency rate. The majority of the variance between budget and actual for expenditures was due to spending on capital projects not occurring as quickly as anticipated.

| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—  
| Budget to Actual—General Fund  
| Year Ended September 30, 2022 |
| Final Budget | Actual Amounts | Variance |
| Total revenue | $136,147,547 | $139,585,143 | $3,437,596 |
| Total expenditures | (277,508,650) | (84,994,560) | 192,514,090 |
| Change in fund balances | $ (141,361,103) | $54,590,583 | $195,951,686 |

**CAPITAL ASSETS**

At the end of 2022, the ATP reported $83.3 million in construction in progress. See Note 4 for additional capital asset information. During period ended September 30, 2022, ATP started the design for the Orange and Blue light rail lines. Additionally, the capital budget also allows for specific enhancements to the Capital Metro transit system, as defined in the Project Connect System Plan.
LONG TERM LIABILITIES

As of September 30, 2022 ATP’s total outstanding liabilities of $5.6 million which consisted of lease payable and compensated absences of $4.6 million and $1.0 million, respectively.

FUTURE ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR’S BUDGET

The FY 2023 Budget reflects the continued effort on ATP’s total commitment to the advancement of the Project Connect Program and Anti-displacement Program. The FY 2022–23 Budget, ATP’s second full-year budget, totals $90.6 million, with 39% of the funding, or $35.0 million, budgeted for transit-supportive anti-displacement investments, 22% million to seed a new operating reserve with $20.0 million, and the remaining 39% funding operating expenses. ATP’s FY2023 total revenue is projected to be $192.9 million. The interlocal agreement revenue represents approximately 20% of total O&M of the City of Austin property tax collected by the City of Austin ($159 million) and Capital Metro contributions of $30 million.

CONTACTING ATP’S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of ATP’s finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate ATP’s commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the Austin Transit Partnership at 203 Colorado Street, Austin, Texas 78701.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Austin Transit Partnership  
(A Component Unit of the City of Austin, Texas)  
Statement of Net Position  
September 30, 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Governmental Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current assets:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents $ 20,434</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intergovernmental and other receivables 175,774</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepaid expenses 54,443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noncurrent assets:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments 291,338,292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital assets—nondepreciable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction in Progress 83,375,467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital assets—depreciable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leases and leasehold improvements 10,700,759</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furniture and fixtures 597,597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated amortization—leases and improvements (1,618,947)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated depreciation (14,229)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong> $ 384,629,590</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Liabilities              |
| Current liabilities:     |
| Accounts payable $ 3,193,123 |
| Intergovernmental payable 24,441,437 |
| Noncurrent liabilities |
| Due within one year 1,633,250 |
| Due more than one year 4,008,878 |
| **Total liabilities** $ 33,276,688 |

| Net position             |
| Net investment in capital assets $ 77,395,350 |
| Restricted for anti-displacement activities 65,000,000 |
| Unrestricted 208,957,552 |
| **Total net position** $ 351,352,902 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
Austin Transit Partnership  
(A Component Unit of the City of Austin, Texas)  
Statement of Activities  
Year Ended September 30, 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Functions/Programs</th>
<th>Expenses</th>
<th>Charges for Services</th>
<th>Operating Grants and Contributions</th>
<th>Capital Grants and Contributions</th>
<th>Net (Expenses) Revenue and Change in Net Position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Austin Transit Partnership Services</td>
<td>$22,646,082</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$(22,646,082)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anti-displacement services</td>
<td>-$</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$42,000,000</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$42,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MetroRapid expansion</td>
<td>8,834,295</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$(8,834,295)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redline improvements</td>
<td>3,478,710</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$(3,478,710)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MetroExpress</td>
<td>21,454</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$(21,454)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neighborhood circulators</td>
<td>2,291</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$(2,291)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$34,982,832</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$42,000,000</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>7,017,168</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

General revenues  
- Interlocal agreement revenue: 136,816,152  
- Investment income: 1,989,753  
- Other service income: 843,238  
- Total general revenues: 139,649,143

Change in net position: 146,666,311

Net position at the beginning of year: 204,686,591

Net position at the end of year: $351,352,902

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
## Austin Transit Partnership
### (A Component Unit of the City of Austin, Texas)
#### Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
##### September 30, 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Major Funds</th>
<th>General Fund</th>
<th>Special Revenue Fund</th>
<th>Total Governmental Funds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$20,434</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$20,434</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments</td>
<td>226,338,292</td>
<td>65,000,000</td>
<td>291,338,292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intergovernmental and other receivables</td>
<td>175,775</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>175,775</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepaid expenses</td>
<td>1,472,840</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,472,840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deposits held by others</td>
<td>121,060</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>121,060</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>228,128,401</td>
<td>65,000,000</td>
<td>293,128,401</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Liabilities**  |              |                      |                          |
| Accounts payable | 3,193,123    | -                    | 3,193,123                |
| Intergovernmental payable | 24,441,437  | -                    | 24,441,437              |
| **Total current liabilities** | 27,634,560  | -                    | 27,634,560              |

### Deferred Inflows of Resources
**Unavailable - other revenue**

|                |              |                      |                          |
|                | 64,000       | -                    | 64,000                   |

### Fund Balances
**Nonspendable:**
- Prepaids: 1,472,840
- Restricted for anti-displacement activities
- Committed for Project Connect 134,761,134
- Unassigned 64,195,867

|                | 200,429,841  | 65,000,000           | 265,429,841              |

| **Total fund balances** | $228,128,401 | $65,000,000 | $293,128,401 |
| **Total liabilities and fund balances** | $228,128,401 | $65,000,000 | $293,128,401 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
Austin Transit Partnership  
(A Component Unit of the City of Austin, Texas)  
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position  
September 30, 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Construction in Progress</td>
<td>$83,375,467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leases and leasehold improvements</td>
<td>$10,700,759</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furniture and fixtures</td>
<td>$597,597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated amortization—leases and improvements</td>
<td>$(1,618,947)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated depreciation</td>
<td>$(14,229)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepaid rent made to lessor capitalized as right to use asset</td>
<td>$(1,539,458)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other long term asset not available to pay current period expenditures</td>
<td>$64,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lease payable</td>
<td>$(4,697,931)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensated absences</td>
<td>$(944,197)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total net position—governmental activities</td>
<td>$351,352,902</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
Austin Transit Partnership  
(A Component Unit of the City of Austin, Texas) 
Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances  
Year Ended September 30, 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Major Funds</th>
<th>General Fund</th>
<th>Special Revenue Fund</th>
<th>2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenue</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Austin interlocal agreement</td>
<td>113,386,024</td>
<td>42,000,000</td>
<td>155,386,024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Metropolitan Transit Authority interlocal agreement</td>
<td>23,366,128</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>23,366,128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income</td>
<td>1,989,753</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,989,753</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services</td>
<td>843,238</td>
<td></td>
<td>843,238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total revenue</strong></td>
<td>139,585,143</td>
<td>42,000,000</td>
<td>181,585,143</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Expenditures                     |              |                      |      |
| ATP services                     |              |                      |      |
| Professional services            | 8,901,000    | -                    | 8,901,000 |
| Salary and benefits              | 8,212,705    | -                    | 8,212,705 |
| Facilities                       | 2,183,286    | -                    | 2,183,286 |
| Materials and supplies           | 207,371      | -                    | 207,371 |
| Other operating                  | 564,755      | -                    | 564,755 |
| Casualty and liability           | 3,397        | -                    | 3,397 |
| Debt service                     |              |                      |      |
| Principal                        | 873,649      | -                    | 873,649 |
| Interest                         | 30,513       | -                    | 30,513 |
| MetroRapid expansion             | 8,834,295    | -                    | 8,834,295 |
| Redline improvements             | 3,478,710    | -                    | 3,478,710 |
| MetroExpress                     | 21,454       | -                    | 21,454 |
| Neighborhood circulators         | 2,291        | -                    | 2,291 |
| Capital outlay                   | 51,681,134   | -                    | 51,681,134 |
| **Total expenditures**           | 84,994,560   | -                    | 84,994,560 |

| Change in fund balances          | 54,590,583   | 42,000,000           | 96,590,583 |

| Fund balances at the beginning of the year | 145,839,258 | 23,000,000 | 168,839,258 |

| Fund balances at the end of year    | $200,429,841| $65,000,000 | $265,429,841 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
Net change in fund balances—governmental funds $ 96,590,583

The effect of long term obligations including compensated absences (944,196)

Governmental fund report capital outlays as expenditures. The statement of activities reports the cost of these assets as depreciation expense over their estimated useful lives. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expenses:
- Capital outlay 51,681,134
- Amortization leasehold improvements (134,166)
- Depreciation expense (14,229)

The effect of lease related activity
- Lease asset amortization (1,484,781)
- Principal payments on lease 873,649
- Prepaid lease payments for right to use asset used at the fund level 34,317
- Unavailable revenue not available to pay for current period expenditures 64,000

Change in net position—governmental activities $ 146,666,311

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Organization

**Reporting entity:** Austin Transit Partnership (ATP), a component unit of the City of Austin, Texas (the City), was created on December 18, 2020, pursuant to action taken by the City and the Capital Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Capital Metro). ATP was incorporated under the provisions of Subchapter D, Chapter 431, of the Texas Transportation Code, Chapter 394, of the Texas Local Government Code and Chapter 22, of the Business Organizations Code. ATP was established to complete Project Connect, a high-capacity transit system that ATP will design, construct, and implement in a manner independent of the City of Austin and Capital Metro. ATP will contract with the Capital Metro to operate and maintain assets funded by ATP. As reflected in Article IV (1-8) of the Articles of Incorporation, ATP has broad authority to accomplish the functions discussed above. Further, as provided by Resolution 20201218-002 approved by the City Council and Resolution AI-2020-1399 as approved by the Capital Metro board of directors, ATP and its corporate existence shall continue until the ATP board has determined by resolution that all its liabilities and bonds have been paid in full or such liabilities and bonds have otherwise been discharged and the purpose for which ATP was formed has been substantially met.

ATP is governed by a five-member board of directors consisting of one representative each from the City Council and Capital Metro board of directors and three community expert members appointed jointly by the City and Capital Metro.

To perform the function for which it was established, throughout fiscal year 2022, ATP utilized Capital Metro services and employees for certain functions. ATP reimbursed Capital Metro for these incurred costs.

ATP is presented as a discretely presented component unit of the City (legally separate from the City).
Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of ATP is presented to assist in understanding ATP’s financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of ATP’s management who is responsible for its integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

**Basis of presentation:** The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of ATP. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

Program revenues include (1) revenue generated by the ad valorem taxes levied by the City for ATP purposes and provided to ATP through an interlocal agreement with the City and funds contributed by Capital Metro through an interlocal agreement for the purposes of advancing Project Connect, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

**Measurement focus/basis of accounting:** The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, ATP considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures such as compensated absences, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Intergovernmental revenue/property taxes associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, except to the extent amounts are not collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by ATP. Charges for services consist of rental revenue and security services revenue which are recognized when earned.

**Intergovernmental Revenue**—As part of an Interlocal Agreement between the City and ATP, and pursuant to the Ballot Proposition put forth before the voters on November 3, 2020, $0.0875 of the fiscal year 2021 voter approved tax rate of $0.5335, per $100 value, has been assigned to ATP to be used as a dedicated funding source for the ATP (such revenue is hereinafter referred to as the “Project Connect Tax Revenue”). Future year Project Connect Tax Revenue allocations will be determined pursuant to the Interlocal Agreement entered into with the City. The Project Connect Tax Revenue is for the development and implementation of Project Connect, including funding for transit-supportive anti-displacement strategies, and for the purpose of providing funding for a fixed rail system. The amount of intergovernmental revenue from the City totaled $155.3 million for 2022.

As part of the Interlocal Agreement, Capital Metro will support and provide certain funds to support Project Connect. The amount of intergovernmental revenue from Capital Metro totaled $23.3 million for 2022.
Interlocal Agreement Expenditures—As part of the Interlocal Agreement, the City agreed to provide ATP with the professional technical services necessary to assist with execution and implementation of Project Connect. Additionally, Capital Metro will also provide professional services including support functions in connection with the operation, implementation and maintenance of the assets funded by ATP and to perform certain other project-related services. At September 30, 2022, ATP Interlocal Agreement expenditures with the City and Capital Metro totaled $2.1 million and $1.7 million, respectively.

Fund accounting: The accounts of ATP are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets and other debits, liabilities, fund balances and other credits, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the proceeds of revenue sources, those proceeds’ restrictions or commitments for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

ATP has the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – the general fund is the general operating fund of ATP and its mission is to execution and implementation of Project Connect. The fund is used to account for all financial resources that have been committed to Project Connect except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – the special revenue fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for transit supportive anti-displacement activities. The anti-displacement activities have been budgeted but not started as of September 30, 2022.

Cash, cash equivalents and investments: For financial statement purposes, all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered cash equivalents. Investment income is allocated by specifically identifying amounts attributable to ATP.

Investments: ATP participates in TexPool and the Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust (Texas CLASS). Texas CLASS was created as a local
government investment pool (LGIP) pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code (PFIA). Per state code, entities may pool any of their funds, or funds under their control, to preserve principal, maintain the liquidity of the funds, and maximize yield. The Texas CLASS Trust Agreement is an agreement of indefinite term regarding the investment, reinvestment, and withdrawal of local government funds. The parties to the Trust Agreement are Texas local government entities that choose to participate in the Trust (the Participants), Public Trust Advisors, LLC (Public Trust) as Program Administrator, and UMB Bank, N.A. as Custodian.

The Texas Legislature authorized the State Treasurer to incorporate a special-purpose trust corporation in 1986 called the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (Texas Trust). The Texas Trust created the Texas Local Government Investment Pool Prime (TexPool Prime) as a public funds investment pool. The operations of the State Treasury, including the Texas Trust, were merged with the State Comptroller of Public Accounts (State Comptroller). The administrative and investment services to TexPool Prime are provided by Federated Hermes, Inc. (Federated Hermes) under an agreement with the Texas Trust.

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 79 Accounting Standards Codification on Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments for External Investment Pools and pool participants have the option to measure these investment pools at amortized cost rather than fair value if certain criteria are met. TexPool opted to report at amortized cost and Texas CLASS measure their investments at fair value using NAV.

**Intergovernmental receivable**: Funds generated as part of an Interlocal Agreement between the City and ATP, and pursuant to the Ballot Proposition put forth before the voters on November 3, 2020, are restricted for use by ATP are all considered collectible by management. The City must remit designated interlocal revenue, as defined in the Agreement, to ATP by November 20 and the Agreement encompasses the designated ad valorem taxes collected through September 30 for the current fiscal year.

**Prepaid expenses**: Prepaid expenses include prepaid rent and other miscellaneous prepaid expenses under operating agreements.
Construction in progress: ATP’s mission is to implement the Project Connect System Plan, as more particularly described in the City’s Resolution No. 20200610-02 and Capital Metro’s Resolution No. AI-2020-1273. To accomplish its mission, ATP may apply for grants and issue bonds to finance various activities related to the construction and renovation projects for Project Connect to which ATP will construct. All Project Connect construction projects are recorded and reflected on the Statement of Net Position.

Other capital assets purchased or acquired by ATP (equipment and vehicles) with a value over $5,000 are recorded at historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value as of the date donated. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred including improvements, renovations, and personal property included in lease agreements.

Depreciation and amortization on capital assets will be calculated on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assets</th>
<th>Governmental Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Furniture and fixtures</td>
<td>5-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leases and improvements</td>
<td>4-5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Intergovernmental Payable: ATP is designated as a joint local government corporation tasked with the responsibility to finance, design, build and implement the Project Connect System (Project Connect). To allow for the execution of Project Connect, ATP has executed various Interlocal Agreements with the City of Austin and Capital Metro.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. ATP does not have any qualified items that should be reported in this category in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for fiscal year 2022.
In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. ATP does not have any qualified items that should be reported in this category in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for fiscal year 2022 but included amounts at the fund level which are reported as deferred inflows due to the availability of the revenue.

**Leases:** Effective with the year ended September 30, 2022, ATP adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* which defines ATP’s criteria for the reporting of leasing arrangement as the right to use an underlying asset as a Lessor or Lessee.

As lessee, ATP recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use lease asset at the beginning of a lease unless the lease is considered a short-term lease or transfers ownership of the underlying asset as defined by the Standard. The right-of-use lease assets are measured based on the net present value of the future lease payments at inception, using the incremental borrowing rate. Remeasurement of a lease liability occurs when there is a change in the lease term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability. ATP calculates the amortization of the discount on the lease liability and report that amount as outflows of resources. Payments are allocated first to accrued interest liability and then to the lease liability.

As a lessee or lessor, ATP does not consider variable lease payments in the lease liability and lease receivable calculations but are recognized as outflows of resources in the period in which the obligation was incurred. For lease contracts that are short-term, ATP recognizes short-term lease payments as outflows of resources (expenses) based on the payment provisions of the lease contract. Liabilities are only recognized if payments are received in advance, and receivables are only recognized if payments are received subsequent to the reporting period.

**Long-term obligations:** In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. As of fiscal year 2022, outstanding long-term liabilities consist of lease payable and compensated absences. As stipulated in ATP’s Articles of Incorporation, ATP will be issuing bonds to finance the various cost with implementing Project Connect.
Compensated leave: Substantially all employees of ATP are eligible to receive compensation for vacations, holidays, illness and certain other qualifying leave. For certain kinds of leave, the number of days compensated is generally based on length of service. Vacation leave, which has been earned and vested, but not paid, has been accrued in the government-wide statements. Earned and vested sick leave for ATP administrative employees has been accrued at a maximum of 240 hours for those employees with five (5) continuous years of service. The liabilities and expenditures are reported on the modified accrual basis in the governmental fund financial statements.

Income taxes: ATP is an instrumentality of the state of Texas. As such, income earned in the exercise of its essential government functions is exempt from federal income taxes. However, ATP has been established as public charity under the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501 (c)(3) and is required to annually file with the Internal Revenue Service.

Net position: In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between total assets and total deferred outflows of resources, and total liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position: Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is a balance that is not restricted or part of net investment in capital assets.

Fund balance: As prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, fund balance classifications are based primarily on the extent to which ATP is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable: Assets that are legally or contractually required to be maintained or are not in spendable form, such as fund balance associated
with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).

**Restricted:** Assets with externally imposed constraints, such as those mandated by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations. Restricted fund balance as of September 30, 2022, includes the funds for transit supportive anti-displacement strategies to be implemented by the City’s Housing and Planning Department, as required per the ballot language approved by voters and the funds to be used for construction of Project Connect capital projects.

**Committed:** Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action, by way of board resolution, of ATP board of directors (ATP’s highest level of decision-making authority).

**Assigned:** Comprises amounts that are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Board of Directors have the authority to assign specific amounts for specific purposes.

**Unassigned:** This is the residual classification for the government’s general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

ATP’s policy is to fund outlays for a particular purpose from unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. ATP considers committed fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.
Use of estimates: Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates employed.

Restatement: Effective with the year ended September 30, 2022, ATP adopted Statement No. 87 Leases. The effects of adopting GASB Statement No. 87 were as follows on the Statement of Net Position and no impact at the governmental fund level:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement of Net Position</th>
<th>Beginning Balance</th>
<th>Impact of new standard</th>
<th>Restated Beginning balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prepaid lease</td>
<td>$1,573,774</td>
<td>(1,573,774) $</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intangible right to use-building lease</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>7,145,354</td>
<td>7,145,354</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lease payable</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(5,571,580)</td>
<td>(5,571,580)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes ATP to invest its funds under a written investment policy (the “Investment Policy”) that primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity; addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity; and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. The Investment Policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policy, which excludes certain investment instruments allowed under Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. ATP’s Investment Policy was approved by the board of directors on December 15, 2021. As of September 30, 2022, the cash, cash equivalents and investments held consisted of the following as of September 30, 2022:

- Cash deposits—$20 thousand
- TexPool—$84.1 million
- TexPool Prime—$107.0 million
- Texas CLASS—$100.3 million
ATP categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs.

Certain external investment pools and pool participants have an option to measure these investment pools at amortized cost rather than fair value if certain criteria are met. Investment measured at cost and at NAV are excluded from fair value hierarchy reporting. As of September 30, 2022, the TexPool and TexPool Prime balance of $191.1 million is valued using amortized cost and Texas CLASS of $100.3 million is valued using NAV.

Custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk: The custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Concentration of credit risk is the loss attributed to the magnitude of a government’s investment in a single issuer. ATP’s Investment Policy requires diversification of its portfolio by investment types and requires any institution serving as a depository and/or safekeeping agent to enter into an agreement with ATP documenting the rights to the collateral in the event of default, bankruptcy, or closure. As of September 30, 2022, ATP’s external investments pool balances are not subject to custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. ATP’s policy indicates that a public funds investment pool must be continuously rated no lower than AAA, AAA-m or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. At September 30, 2022, ATP balances held in TexPool, TexPool Prime and Texas CLASS are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor’s.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. ATP’s policy is to maintain its investment in external investment pools to allow for its liquidity needs. At September 30, 2022, the Investment Pools of TexPool Prime, TexPool and Texas CLASS have a dollar weighted average maturity of all securities of 14, 21 and 24 days, respectively.
Note 4. Capital Assets

The non-depreciable capital assets reported on the Statement of Net Position reflects work-in-progress for the Orange and Blue light rail lines, as defined in the Project Connect System Plan. Capital Assets and work-in-progress are as follows as of September 30, 2022:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Capital Assets</th>
<th>Restated October 1, 2021</th>
<th>Transfers Additions</th>
<th>Transfers Retirements</th>
<th>September 30, 2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Capital assets not being depreciated:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land and Improvement</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction in progress</td>
<td>35,847,334</td>
<td>47,528,133</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>83,375,467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total capital assets not being depreciated</td>
<td>35,847,334</td>
<td>47,528,133</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>83,375,467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciable Capital Assets:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furniture and fixtures</td>
<td>7,145,355</td>
<td>3,555,404</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>7,145,355</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intangible right to use-building lease</td>
<td>7,145,355</td>
<td>3,555,404</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>7,145,355</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leasehold improvements</td>
<td>7,145,355</td>
<td>3,555,404</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>7,145,355</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total depreciable capital assets</td>
<td>7,145,355</td>
<td>4,153,001</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>11,298,356</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated depreciation Furniture and fixtures</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(14,229)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(14,229)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated amortization leasehold improvements</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(134,166)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(134,166)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated amortization leases</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(1,484,781)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(1,484,781)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total accumulated depreciation and amortization</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(1,633,176)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(1,633,176)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total depreciable capital assets, net</td>
<td>7,145,355</td>
<td>2,519,825</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>9,665,180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total capital assets</td>
<td>$ 42,992,689</td>
<td>50,047,958</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$ 93,040,647</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As part of providing the Austin Transit Partnership services function, the total depreciation and amortization for the period ending September 30, 2022 is $1.6 million.

Note 5. Long term liabilities

The following schedule summarizes total long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2022:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>October 1, 2021</th>
<th>Additions</th>
<th>Retirements</th>
<th>September 30, 2022</th>
<th>Due Within One Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Governmental Activities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lease payable</td>
<td>$ 5,571,580</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(873,649)</td>
<td>$ 4,697,931</td>
<td>$ 1,358,499</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensated absences</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,055,724</td>
<td>(111,527)</td>
<td>944,197</td>
<td>274,751</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total long term liabilities</td>
<td>$ 5,571,580</td>
<td>1,055,724</td>
<td>(985,176)</td>
<td>$ 5,642,128</td>
<td>$ 1,633,250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note 6. Leases

ATP entered into two sublease agreements for administrative space that have term dates through December 2026. As of September 30, 2022, the future minimum payment on these lease agreements with related interest payments are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal year</th>
<th>Principal</th>
<th>Interest</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2023</td>
<td>1,358,498</td>
<td>28,094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2024</td>
<td>1,400,459</td>
<td>18,634</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2025</td>
<td>1,442,255</td>
<td>8,839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2026</td>
<td>496,719</td>
<td>721</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4,697,931</td>
<td>56,288</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As disclosed in the capital asset footnote, the total amount of intangible right to use lease assets on September 30, 2022, is $7,145,355 with the related accumulated amortization of $1,618,947. As of September 30, 2022, ATP did not report outflows attributable to variable payments, residual value guarantees, or termination penalties payments not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability.

Note 7. Risk Management

ATP is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. ATP maintains separate policies for directors and officers, employment practice liability, crime and property.

ATP is listed as an additional covered party under Capital Metro’s General Liability and Workers’ Compensation policies. Any coverage/claim expenses will apply to Capital Metro as the named covered party. The policy is provided by a commercial insurer purchased from independent third parties and through the Texas Municipal League (“TML”) Intergovernmental Risk Pool, a public entity risk pool for the benefit of governmental units located within the state. TML Intergovernmental Risk Pool (the “Pool”) is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that provides coverage for its members. The self-insurance retention levels provide up to $25,000 per occurrence for workers’ compensation risks and up to $3,000,000 per occurrence for general liability risks.
Note 8. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards

**New Accounting Pronouncements Issued Not Yet Adopted:** The GASB has issued several new accounting pronouncements, which will be effective for ATP in future fiscal years. A description of the new accounting pronouncements are described below:

**GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("SBITAs"),** issued May 2020, will be effective for ATP beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, with earlier adoption encouraged. Statement No. 96 requires the recognition of SBITAs as an intangible right-to-use subscription asset with a corresponding subscription liability. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a SBITA lease liability and an intangible right-to-use SBITA lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease SBITA receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

**GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62,** issued June 2022, will be effective for ATP beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, with earlier adoption encouraged. Statement No. 100 defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. As part of those descriptions, for (1) certain changes in accounting principles and (2) certain changes in accounting estimates that result from a change in measurement methodology, a new principle or methodology should be justified on the basis that it is preferable to the principle or methodology used before the change. That preferability should be based on the qualitative characteristics of financial reporting—understandability, reliability, relevance, timeliness, consistency, and comparability. This Statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences,** issued June 2022, will be effective for ATP beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2025, with earlier adoption encouraged. Statement No. 101 requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave is attributable to services already rendered when an employee has performed the services required to earn the
leave. Leave that accumulates is carried forward from the reporting period in which it is earned to a future reporting period during which it may be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. In estimating the leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled, a government should consider relevant factors such as employment policies related to compensated absences and historical information about the use or payment of compensated absences. However, leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits should not be included in a liability for compensated absences. This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences—including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave—not be recognized until the leave commences.

ATP is currently evaluating the impact this pronouncement will have on the financial statements.

Note 9. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

**Capital Metro and City of Austin Interlocal Agreement (ILA):** ATP is designated as a joint local government corporation tasked with the responsibility to finance, design, build and implement the Project Connect System (Project Connect). To allow for the execution of Project Connect, ATP has executed various Interlocal Agreements with the City of Austin and Capital Metro.

**Capital Metro Shared Services ILA:** The agreement requires Capital Metro to provide support functions in connection with the operation, implementation, and maintenance of the assets funded by ATP and further to perform certain projects described in the agreement which may be periodically updated. For the period ended September 30, 2022, Capital Metro provided professional services which included corporate support functions in the amount of $1.7 million. Capital Metro has been tasked with implementing the MetroRapid, Red Line and Neighborhood Circulators projects as related to the Project Connect System Plan and has executed various contracts to fulfill this task. As related to the light rail lines, the Project Manager Owner Representative (PMOR) and design firm contracts for the Orange and Blue lines have been executed and entered into by Capital Metro. ATP provides reimbursement to Capital Metro for any charges incurred as it relates to these particular contracts. ATP has an associated intergovernmental payable to Capital Metro of $24.6 million as of September 30, 2022.
City of Austin Anti-Displacement ILA: As listed in the Ballot measure approved by the voters, a major task of the project was to “…finance transit-supportive anti-displacement strategies related to Project Connect.” An ILA was entered into with the City of Austin which requires for ATP to provide the City with $300 million for Project Connect Anti-displacement programs. The ILA allows for funds to be used on projects consistent with the Ballot measure approved by the voters, which include, but are not limited to, implementing a displacement mitigation strategy, creating an Equity Assessment Tool, and acquiring land in gentrifying areas to preserve and expand affordable housing The funding is to be provided the next 13 years as follows in increments of $100 million in years 1-3, years 4-8, and years 9-13. ATP has a restricted fund balance of $65 million for its commitment to the Anti Displacement Program as of September 30, 2022. The City and ATP finalized the Project Connect Anti-Displacement Program Grant Reimbursement Procedures in FY22 and reimbursements are expected to start in FY2023.

City of Austin Project Connect Office ILA: In addition to the Anti-Displacement ILA that was entered into with the City, an additional IAL was entered with the City to provide support functions to ATP. The City agreed to provide ATP with the professional technical services necessary to assist with the design review and permitting for the Project Connect System Plan as part of the National Environmental Policy Act (“NEPA”) environmental review process. The professional services covered the following areas: permitting, utility coordination, design, equity, real estate, and environmental in lieu of standard City permitting procedure. Throughout fiscal year 2022, a total of $2.1 million in expenses were incurred.
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
### Budgetary Information

A&A’s annual budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis and adopted by the Board of Directors each fiscal year. For the operating budget of the General Fund and the Antidisplacement Special Revenue Fund, budgetary control is set at the total annual appropriated budget. Operationally, the annual budget is segmented into smaller cost pools with individual appropriation controls in place to provide a greater level of budgetary checks. With respect to capital budgets, budgetary control is set at the total aggregate appropriation by project. In addition, project contingency accounting is used to control expenditures within available project funding limits. Prior to adoption, the proposed budget is presented to the Board of Directors, the Finance and Risk Advisory Committee, and posted on ATP’s website. Adoption of the budget must be on or before September 30 of each year.
## Austin Transit Partnership

(A Component Unit of the City of Austin, Texas)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—
Budget to Actual—Anti-Displacement Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Final</th>
<th>Actual Amounts</th>
<th>Variance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenue</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Austin interlocal agreement</td>
<td>$42,000,000</td>
<td>$42,000,000</td>
<td>$42,000,000</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total revenue</td>
<td>$42,000,000</td>
<td>$42,000,000</td>
<td>$42,000,000</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expenditures</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anti-displacement initiatives</td>
<td>44,426,117</td>
<td>44,426,117</td>
<td>44,426,117</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total expenditures</td>
<td>44,426,117</td>
<td>44,426,117</td>
<td>44,426,117</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Change in fund balance</strong></td>
<td>(2,426,117)</td>
<td>(2,426,117)</td>
<td>42,000,000</td>
<td>44,426,117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fund balance at the beginning of the year</strong></td>
<td>23,000,000</td>
<td>23,000,000</td>
<td>23,000,000</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fund balance at the end of year</strong></td>
<td>$20,573,883</td>
<td>$20,573,883</td>
<td>$65,000,000</td>
<td>$44,426,117</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>